Site Risk Assessment

				Assessment				
Emergency Telephone Numbers Overleigh St Mary's CofE Primary School: 01224 267525 FSL Karen Hoekstra: 0789 240 8367	List of Dire You can eit and Recept main hall. you reach t	st of Directions to site: bu can either follow the path to the right of the school past the Nursery and Reception classes or follow the path to the left of the school past the ain hall. You follow the path all the way to the back of the school until bu reach the playground. The Forest School is on the grass field. earest Post Code: CH4 7HS rid Reference for Air Ambulance: SJ 40554 64930 that3Words: tidy.homes.assure						
	What3Wo	rds: tidy.homes.a	assure					
Activity		Forest School		Date	Summer Term 2 - 2024			
Location		The Forest School area is located at the back of the school on the school playing fields		School / Visiting Group	Children of Overleigh St Mary's CofE Primary School		rimary	
Responsible staff		Karen Hoekstra, FSL/TA		Possible Visitors to site	Teachers, TA's, Admin staff, Caretakers, Contractors			s, Contractors
Risk Assessment written by Position Signature		Karen Hoekstra Teaching Assistant		Risk Assessment Checked/Approved by				
Location of nearest Defibrillator and Code (if known)		Inside the school building						
Person (s) responsible on site for 1 st Aid. School staff First Aiders		Cert. type	Emergency Fir	st Aid at Work	Date of Cert.	02/09	9/2022	

Generic Site Risk Assessment

The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place) High Medium Low	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place) High Medium Low
Medical and Additional Needs Wind (Falling trees/	Children/adults with medical or additional needs Everyone	This will vary and is dependent on the type of need of the individual. Struck by falling wood, cuts and	High High	FSL is aware of any medical and/or additional needs of all children/ adults. Parents of children have informed FSL of any medical needs prior to sessions. FSL will take out any necessary medicines to site. FSL will put any additional support in place for those who require it. We do not enter the FS site in high winds on discretion of the FSL. The session will be cancelled if deemed	FSL (before) FSL and those involved (during) FSL (before and/or during)	Low
branches)		grazes, bumps, bruises, fractures, crush injuries.		too dangerous. FSL to check weather forecast prior to session. FSL to check for any damage caused by wind.		
Weather	Everyone	Hypothermia, frostbite, dehydrations, heat exhaustion, heat stroke.	Medium	Ensure everyone wears appropriate clothing. Hot drinks and fire available in cold weather situations. Cold drinks and shaded areas in hot weather situations.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low

The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place) High Medium Low	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place) High Medium Low
Site Access	Children	Go missing	Medium	Check with school if any visitors are expected on site. Raise awareness with the children regarding stranger danger, the importance of staying within the FS area and not walking away without informing FSL.	FSL (before) FSL and other staff (during)	Low
Fungi/Berries	Everyone	Poisoning	Medium	Point out hazards. Discuss need to not touch. Hand washing facilities on site.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low
Dead animals and animal faeces	Everyone	Infections	Medium	Point out hazards. Discuss need to not touch. Remove safely prior to session if necessary. Hand washing facilities on site.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low
Stumps/Branches/ Roots/etc. (ground level)	Everyone	Tripping, cuts and grazes, sprains and fractures.	Low	All who attend follow our FS rules, i.e., no running. Point out trip hazards and mark or remove if necessary.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low
Low hanging branches	Everyone	Scratches, bumps, cuts, bruises, eye- injuries.	Low	Point out possible hazards, mark or remove if necessary. Encourage careful movement around site.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low

The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place) High Medium Low	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place) High Medium Low
Insect bites and stings	Everyone	Stings and bites.	Low	Discuss risk and appropriate behaviour around insects.	All (during)	Low
Brambles/Nettles/ Thistles	Everyone	Stings and scratches.	Low	Point out hazards. Discuss need to not touch. Cut back if necessary.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low
Litter	Everyone	Cuts and infections.	Low	Remove prior to session	FSL (before)	Low
Dens and other standing structures	Everyone	Trips, bumps, bruises, rope burn, strangulation.	Low	Check stability of structures prior to and/or during session. Mark guide ropes or use brightly coloured ropes. Discuss safety around dens with children.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low
Fire circle	Everyone	Trips, bumps and bruises.	Low	All who attend follow our FS rules, i.e., walk around the fire circle.	All (during)	Low

Low Risk Something which may result in minor damage or slight harm i.e., scratch or bruise.

Medium Risk Something which may result in a significant loss/damage or major injury, i.e. broken bone or other injury which results in person being taken to hospital for treatment.

High risk Something which may result in extensive damage, multiple or major injuries or death.

Which activity is th for?	is assessment	Lighting the	fire, sitting a	round the fire and cooking on	the fire			
Consider the benef children of allowing		Warmth – keep th	ne children warm.					
take place:			place to gather, disc	cuss and reflect.				
			Food preparations – prepare snacks and/or meals for the children.					
		New experiences – enjoying the warmth and beauty of the fire.						
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)		
Fire	Everyone	Burns	High	Prior to the session, the FSL makes sure seats are 1,5m away from the fire, the fire is cordoned off and the rain shelter is over 8ft above the fire. Children are aware of our FS and fire rules. A burns 1st aid kit, fire blanket and lidded water bucket are available. FSL wears appropriate clothing.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low		
Food preparation	Everyone	Food poisoning, burns.	High	FSL has an up-to-date Food Hygiene Certificate. FSL makes sure food is cooked through and served at the right temperature. FSL and fire rules apply, e.g., don't eat food that comes straight from the fire, but wait for it to cool down.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low		

		Ac	ctivity Risk/Be	enefit Assessment				
Which activity is th for?	is assessment	Risky Play – Obstacle Courses						
Consider the beneficial children of allowin		Opportunity for ri	sky play – children	can experience risky play situations.				
take place:		Grove motor skill	development – chil	dren practice their skills, i.e., jumping, climbir	ng, balancing, etc.			
		Transporting – op	portunity to move t	things around.				
		Safety – learning	how to transport th	ing safely.				
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)		
Obstacle Course	Everyone	Tripping, cuts and grazes, sprains and fractures.	Low	All who attend follow our FS rules, i.e. no running. Everyone is aware of possible trip hazards. Children are aware of how to safely carry planks, tires, etc. Children are aware of the rules, e.g., only make obstacle courses in specific area.	All (during)	Low		

Which activity is the for?	nis assessment	Den building	g							
Consider the bene children of allowin		New experiences	New experiences – learning how to make/set up a den.							
take place:		Shelter/Enclosure	Shelter/Enclosure – a place to shelter from the weather or to hide away and relax.							
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)				
Dens and other standing structures	Everyone	Trips, bumps, bruises, rope burn, strangulation.	Low	Check stability of structures prior to and/or during session. Mark guide ropes or use brightly coloured ropes. Discuss safety around dens with children.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low				
Low hanging ropes	Everyone	Trips, bumps, bruises, rope burn, strangulation.	Low	Tie ropes up high, if possible, mark guide ropes or use brightly coloured ropes.	All (during)	Low				
Pegs	Everyone	Trips, falls, cuts and bruises.	Low	Make sure pegs are all the way in the ground and not poking out.	All (during)	Low				
Mallet	Everyone	Bumps and bruises.	Low	Discuss proper tool use with children. Children are aware of the rules and use mallet under supervision.	All (during)	Low				

Which activity is this assessment for?		Swaying pods / Hammock							
Consider the benefits to the children of allowing this activity to		Grove motor skill development – climbing in and out of the pods.							
take place:		Shelter/Enclosure – opportunity for children to hide themselves away.							
		Rotation – opportunity for children to gently twist/swing around.							
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)			
Swaying pods	Everyone	Tripping, cuts and grazes, strangulation, impact injuries.	Low	FSL makes sure pods are hung up safely, and any low hanging ropes are marked or brightly coloured. Children are aware of the rules in and around the swaying pods.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low			

Which activity is for?	this assessment	Mud Kitche	n								
	Consider the benefits to the children of allowing this activity to		Messy play – opportunity for children to experience messy play.								
take place:		Trajectory – opportunity for children to pour, mix and make potions.									
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)					
Mud kitchen	Everyone	Bumps, cuts and bruises, poisoning.	Low	FSL to make sure mud kitchen is placed in a safe space. Children are aware of the rules around the mud kitchen. Discuss with children to not eat or drink anything they make in the mud kitchen.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low					

Which activity is t for?	this assessment	Collecting N	latural Mater	ials							
Consider the ben children of allowi	efits to the ng this activity to	Knowledge – find	Knowledge – finding out about flora in our woodland, using ID-cards, etc.								
take place:		Trajectory – oppo	Trajectory – opportunity for children to pour, mix and make potions with found materials.								
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)					
Fungi Poisonous Flowers and Plants Berries	Everyone	Poisoning, skin irritation.	Medium	Point out hazards. Discuss need to not touch. FSL to remind children of no touch no taste policy of unfamiliar flora. FSL to remind children to only pick a limited number of common flowers if allowed by FSL first. Hand washing facilities on site.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low					
Faeces	Everyone	Infections	Medium	Point out hazards. Discuss need to not touch. Remove safely prior to session if necessary. Hand washing facilities on site.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low					

Which activity is the for?	nis assessment	Rope and St	ring			
Consider the bene children of allowin		Knowledge – find	ing out about differ	ent knots and their uses.		
take place:		Transporting – op	portunity to move t	things around using ropes/string.		
		Safety – learning	how to transport th	ings safely.		
		Fine motor skill de	evelopment – childı	ren practice their knot tying skills.		
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)
Rope and String	Everyone	Trips, bumps, bruises, rope burn, strangulation.	Low	FSL to remind children that ropes and string can be used to connect and transport materials. They are not to be used to tie up other children or themselves! When using ropes for den building, we mark guide ropes or use brightly coloured ropes. We tie ropes up high if possible.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low
Rope Swings	Everyone	Bumps, cuts, bruises, breaks, impact injuries, rope burn, strangulation.	Medium	FSL to remind children that both the branch holding the swing and the branch to sit on must be strong enough to hold their weight. FSL to remind children to not put up their rope swing too close to the tree trunk. No pushing each other.	FSL (before) All (during)	Low

Which activity is the for?	his assessment	Tool Use - N	Allet							
Consider the benefits to the children of allowing this activity to take place:		New experiences	New experiences – enjoying being able to use proper tools.							
		Safety – learning how to handle tools safely.								
		Motor skill development – children practice using a mallet/hammer.								
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)				
Mallet/Hammer	Everyone	Bumps and bruises.	Low	Discuss proper tool use with children. Children are aware of the rules and use mallet under supervision. PPE, such as safety gloves. NACHPUFM.	All (during)	Low				

Which activity is this assessment for?		Tool Use – Spades and trowels						
Consider the benefits to the children of allowing this activity to		New experiences – enjoying being able to use proper tools.						
take place:		Safety – learning how to handle tools safely.						
		Motor skill development – children practice using a spade or trowel.						
The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)		
Spades/Trowels	Everyone	Cuts, bumps, bruises.	Low	Discuss proper tool use with children. Children are aware of the rules and use spades and trowels initially only under supervision. PPE, such as sturdy shoes or wellies. NACHPUFM.	All (during)	Low		

Which activity is this assessment for?		Tool Use – Potatoe Peelers / Knives for whittling						
Consider the benefits to the children of allowing this activity to take place:		New experiences – enjoying being able to use proper tools. Safety – learning how to handle tools safely.						
		The Hazard	Who could be harmed?	How could they be harmed?	Level of risk (with no control measures in place)	Control	Who will carry out control measure and when (before or during activity)?	Level of risk (with control measures in place)
Potatoe peelers/Knives	Everyone	Cuts, penetration wounds, amputations.	High	Discuss proper tool use with children. Discuss safety position and blood bubble rules. Children are aware of the rules and use potatoe peelers and knives initially only under supervision. PPE, such as rigger gloves. NACHPUFM.	All (during)	Low		

Daily/Session safety check record

Check: Weather, Poisons or toxic plants, Tree Damage, Faeces, Areas of open water, Boundary Disturbance, Litter, Other issues

Date	Comments / additions to safety information given to group	Controls	Signed
1			